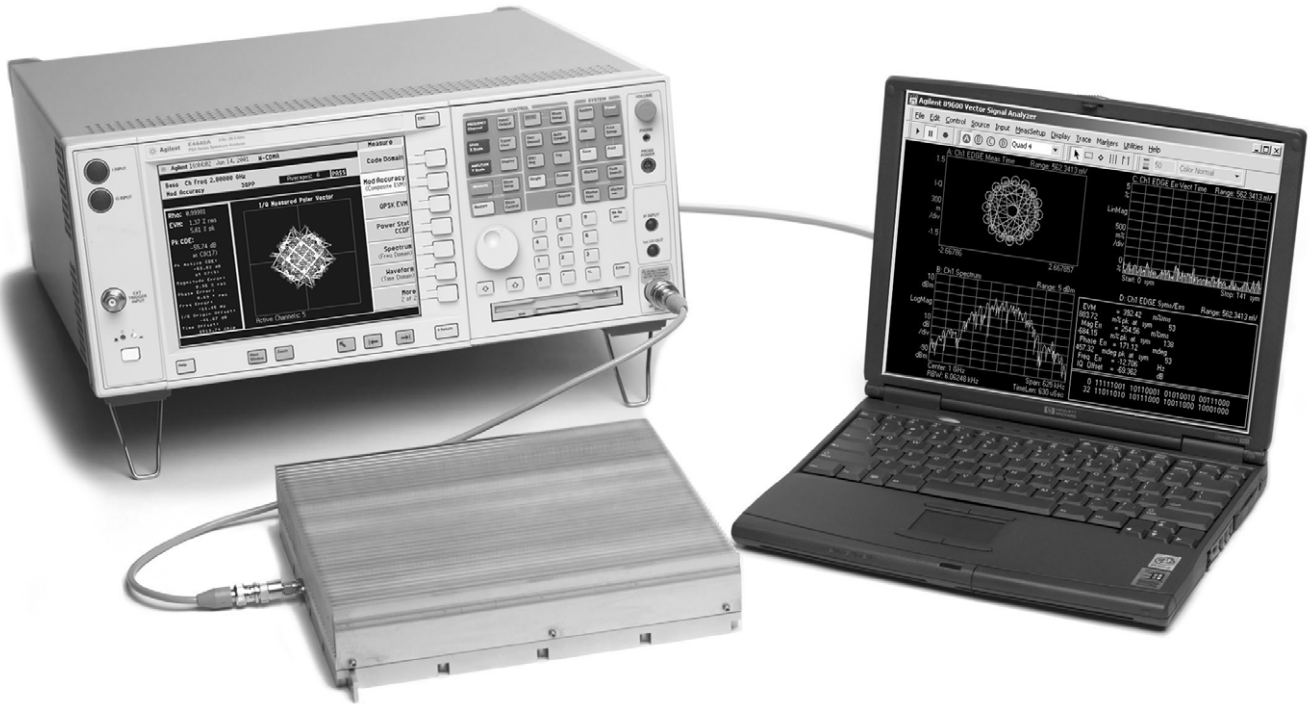


Agilent PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer Performance Guide Using 89601A Vector Signal Analysis Software

Application Note



Agilent Technologies

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Introduction

This guide characterizes the performance of the Agilent PSA Series spectrum analyzer¹ and the Agilent 89601A vector signal analysis (VSA) software combination. Now all the features of the PSA Series — high-performance spectrum analysis, one-button advanced power measurements, and standards based digital modulation analysis — are combined with the flexible demodulation and analysis capabilities of the 89601A.

Product Overview

PSA Series

The PSA Series of high performance spectrum analyzers offers the best dynamic range, speed, accuracy, and flexibility in spectrum analysis from Agilent. An all-digital IF section gives the PSA Series the performance required to make advanced spectrum measurements both in a traditional swept mode or with fast fourier transforms (FFT). A standard suite of power measurements with standards-based setups makes advanced measurements with one button press. Measure phase noise quickly and easily with the phase noise measurement personality or perform modulation analysis on a variety of standard 2G and 3G digital cellular communications formats with the digital communications measurement personalities.

89601A software

The 89601A vector signal analysis software is the heart of the 89600 series PC-based VSAs. This software provides flexible tools for demodulating and analyzing even the most advanced digital formats, whether or not they are defined by an established standard. Its features include variable block size signal acquisition with user-selectable pulse search and synch words, and a user-controllable adaptive equalizer.

User-selectable filter types include cosine (raised and square-root raised), Gaussian, and low-pass, all with user-selectable alpha/BT. Supported modulation formats for both continuous and burst carriers include FSK (2, 4, 8, and 16 level), BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, D8PSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8PSK, QAM (16 to 256 level), and VSB (8 and 16 level), EDGE and MSK.

In addition, the 89601A software provides signal capture and analysis features, capability to download signal capture files for playback through a signal generator, high-speed spectrogram displays, and cross-channel measurement results.

PSA/89601A combination

The PSA/89601A combination provides a comprehensive solution to almost any communications systems test problem. The PSA offers spur searches, accurate power measurements, and standards-based modulation analysis to test system and component performance. The 89601A expands on that with flexible modulation analysis tools to give insight into modulation errors and accelerate troubleshooting.

This combination can measure active signals or signals captured in PSA memory. Use the PSA with or without the 89601A software to examine signals to a desired degree of depth. Switching between the two modes of operation is facilitated by a quick disconnect/restart menu selection in the 89601A user interface.

The 89601A software runs on a PC connected to the PSA, via LAN or GPIB, and provides hardware control, modulation analysis, and complete results displays. While operating the combination, the PSA is controlled entirely by the 89601A software.

1. 8 MHz IF bandwidth units only

Configuration Overview

The PSA/89601A combination requires a PSA Series spectrum analyzer, the 89601A software, and a PC with a LAN or GPIB interface card. Detailed configuration requirements are provided in Appendix A.

Feature availability

When the PSA is controlled by 89601A software, users have control of the following features of the spectrum analyzer using the software:

Frequency: the center frequency will be displayed on the 89601A software GUI

Span: ≤ 8 MHz

Input attenuator, preamp, and ADC gain: available indirectly through the input range feature of the 89601A software

Triggering: IF magnitude, external front/rear, hold-off, level, delay and slope

External reference: selectable frequency (1 to 30 MHz)

Calibration

Overload detection

In addition, you can gain immediate, direct access to all of the PSA Series spectrum analyzer's features by using the disconnect capability on the VSA software's control menu.

When the 89601A software is used with a PSA, almost all of the features of the software and its options are available.

These include:

- recording of time waveforms, allowing you to re-analyze signals and store them for future comparisons
- complete set of of vector signal analysis and modulation analysis measurements and results
- flexible marker capabilities, including time gating, integrated band power, and offset (delta) markers
- flexible displays, including multiple trace displays, spectrogram, constellation, eye diagram, and error screens with powerful scaling
- link to the Agilent ESG Series signal source for integrated control of source signals
- complete save and recall of your signals, trace data, and measurement screens
- easy cut and paste to other PC applications

The 89601A software's scalar spectrum application is not supported.

Performance

The following is a summary of the features and capabilities provided by the PSA/89601A combination. These are nominal values; they are not warranted.

Frequency range (all PSA Series models)	10 MHz to 3 GHz ¹		
Center-frequency tuning resolution	1 mHz		
Frequency span range	< 10 Hz to 8 MHz		
Frequency points per span			
Calibrated points	51 to 102,401		
Displayable points	51 to 131,072		
Resolution bandwidth (RBW)			
The range of available RBW choices is a function of the selected frequency span and the number of calculated frequency points. Users may step through the available range in 1-3-10 sequence or directly enter an arbitrarily chosen bandwidth.			
Range	< 1 Hz to 2.3 MHz		
RBW shape factor			
The window choices below allow you to optimize the RBW shape as needed for best amplitude accuracy, dynamic range, or response to transient signal characteristics.			
Window	Selectivity (3:60 dB)	Passband flatness	Rejection
Flat top	0.41	0.01 dB	> 95 dBc
Gaussian top	0.25	0.68 dB	> 125 dBc
Hanning	0.11	1.5 dB	> 31 dBc
Uniform	0.0014	4.0 dB	> 13 dBc
Input range (full scale, combines attenuator setting and ADC gain) ²			
89601A v3.00	-18 dBm to +22 dBm in 1 dB steps		
89601A v4.00	-30 dBm to +30 dBm in 2 dB steps		
89601A v4.00 ³	-60 dBm to +30 dBm in 2 dB steps (< 3 GHz)		
Dynamic range			
Third-order intermodulation distortion	< -70 dBc or < -90 dBfs, whichever is greater (range ≥ -30 dBm)		
	< -68 dBc or < -90 dBfs, whichever is greater (range < -30 dBm)		
Noise density	< -126 dBfs/Hz at 1 GHz (range ≥ -24 dBm)		
	< -122 dBfs/Hz at 1 GHz (-44 dBm < range < -24 dBm)		
ADC overload	+9 dBfs at 1 GHz		
Amplitude linearity	±0.03 dB (0 to -30 dBfs)		
No ADC dither	±0.1 dB (-30 to -50 dBfs)		
IF residual responses	< -70 dBfs		
IF spurious responses	< -70 dBfs		
IF flatness	± 0.3 dB		
Sensitivity			
With preamp (Option E44xA-1DS)	-165 dBm/Hz at 1 GHz (most sensitive range)		
Without preamp	-152 dBm/Hz at 1 GHz (most sensitive range)		

1. Calibrated frequency range, 3 GHz to PSA maximum frequency allowed but not specified.
2. PSA ADC gain is set to 6 dB and attenuator is set to [89601A range (in dBm) + 18] dB.
3. Requires preamplifier option (Option E44xA-1DS) in spectrum analyzer.

Time and Waveform

Zoom measurements

The 89601A measurements are made with a non-zero start frequency, also called the *zoom* mode. In these cases, the time domain display shows a complex envelope representation of the input signal – that is, the magnitude and phase of the signal relative to the analyzer's center frequency. This provides powerful capability to examine the baseband components of a signal without the need to first demodulate it.

Time record characteristics

In the 89601A software, measurements are based on time records. For example, blocks of waveform samples from which time, frequency, and modulation domain data is derived. Time records have these characteristics:

Time record length	= (number of frequency points – 1)/span, with RBW mode set to arbitrary, auto-coupled
Time sample resolution	= 1/(k x span), where k = 1.28

Time capture characteristics

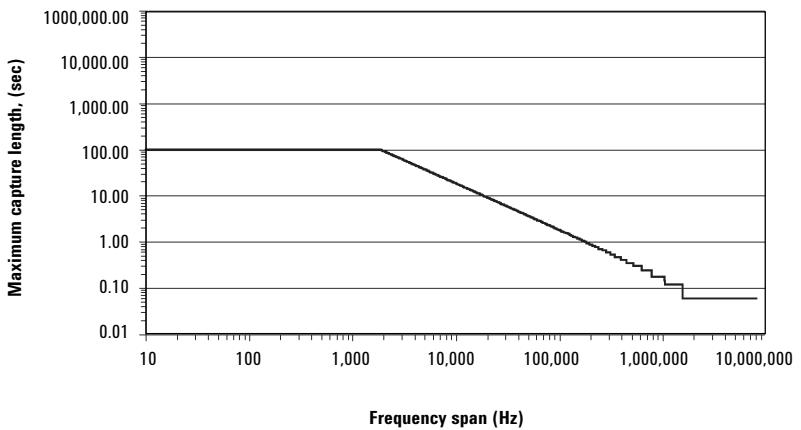
In time capture mode, the 89601A software captures the incoming waveform in real time (i.e. gap-free) into high-speed time capture memory. This data may then be replayed through the software at full or reduced speed, saved to mass storage, or transferred to another software application.

When post-analyzing the captured waveform, users may adjust measurement span and center frequency in order to zoom in on specific signals of interest, as long as the new measurement span lies entirely within the originally captured span.

Time capture memory size

900 k samples, complex

During time capture, and for spans below 1.55 MHz the analyzer is internally set to the next highest cardinal span available in the PSA that equals or exceeds the currently displayed frequency span. For spans above 1.55 MHz the analyzer span is set to 8 MHz.

Time capture length versus span

Measurement, Display, and Control

Triggering	
Trigger types	
Vector signal analyzer application	Free run, IF magnitude, external front/rear
Pre-trigger delay range	100 ms or time capture length, whichever is shorter
Post-trigger delay range	500 ms
Averaging	
Number of averages, maximum	> 10 ⁸
Overlap averaging	0 to 99.99%
Average types	
Vector signal analyzer application	rms (video), rms (video) exponential, peak hold, time, time exponential
Analog demodulation	
Demodulation types	AM, PM, FM with auto carrier locking provided for PM or FM
Demodulator bandwidth	Same as selected measurement span
AM demodulation	
Accuracy	±1%
Dynamic range	60 dB (100%) for a pure AM signal
Cross demodulation	< 0.3% AM on an FM signal with 10 kHz modulation, 200 kHz deviation
PM demodulation	
Accuracy	±3 degrees
Dynamic range	60 dB (rad) for a pure PM signal
Cross demodulation	< 1% PM on an 80% AM signal
FM demodulation	
Accuracy	±1% of span
Dynamic range	60 dB (Hz) for a pure FM signal
Cross demodulation	< 0.5% of span FM on an 80% AM signal
Time gating	
<p>Provides time-selective frequency-domain analysis on any input or analog demodulated time-domain data. When gating is enabled, markers appear on the time data; gate position and length can be set directly. Independent gate delays can be set for each input channel. See time specifications for main time length and time resolution details.</p>	
Gate length, maximum	Main time length
Gate length, minimum	= window shape/(0.3 x freq. span) where window shape is equal to: Flat-top window 3.8 Gaussian-top window 2.2 Hanning window 1.5 Uniform window 1.0

Marker functions

Peak signal track, frequency counter, band power.

Band power markers

Markers can be placed on any time, frequency, or demodulated trace for direct computation of band power, rms square root (of power), C/N, or C/No, computed within the selected portion of the data.

Trace math

Trace math can be used to manipulate data on each measurement. Applications include user-defined measurement units, data correction, and normalization.

Operands	Measurement data, data register, constants, j ω
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Operations	+, -, x, /, conjugate, magnitude, phase, real, imaginary, square, square root, FFT, inverse FFT, windowing, logarithm, exponential, peak value, reciprocal, phase unwrap, zero
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Trace formats	Log mag (dB or linear), linear mag, real (I), imag (Q), wrap phase, unwrap phase, I-Q, constellation, Q-eye, I-eye, trellis-eye, group delay
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Trace layouts	1 – 6 traces on one, two, four, or six grids
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Number of colors	User-definable palette
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Spectrogram display

Types	Color – normal and reversed Monochrome – normal and reversed User colormap – 1 total
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Adjustable parameters	Number of colors Enhancement (color-amplitude weighting) Threshold
-----------------------	--

Trace select	When a measurement is paused, any trace in the trace buffer can be selected by trace number. The marker values and marker functions apply to selected trace.
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Z-axis value	The z-axis value is the time the trace data was acquired relative to the start of the measurement. The z-axis value of the selected trace is displayed as part of the marker readout.
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Memory	Displays occupy memory at a rate of 128 traces/MB (for traces of 401 frequency points)
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Software Interface

The 89601A software appears to other Windows® software as an ActiveX® object. Implemented according to the industry-standard Component Object Model (COM), the software exposes a rich object model of properties, events and methods, as fully described in the 89601A documentation.

Software development environments that are capable of interacting with COM objects include Agilent VEE, Microsoft® Visual Basic®, Microsoft Visual C++®, MATLAB®, National Instruments® LabVIEW, and others.

In addition, many end-user applications are able to interact directly with COM objects, using built-in macro languages such as Visual Basic for Applications (VBA). For example, in Microsoft Excel®, a VBA macro could be used to set up the instrument, collect the measurement data, and automatically graph the results.

Macro language

The 89601A's built-in Visual Basic script interpreter allows many types of measurement and analysis tasks to be easily automated. Scripts may be developed using any text editor, or may be recorded automatically from a sequence of menu selections. Completed scripts may be named and integrated onto the analyzer's toolbar, allowing them to be launched with a single button press.

Remote displays

To operate the PSA/89601A combination or view its displays from a remote location, the use of commercially-available remote PC software such as Microsoft NetMeeting® or Symantec pcAnywhere® is recommended. The 89601A software can also operate PSA remotely via LAN networking.

Remote programming

Beginning with Microsoft Windows NT® 4.0, COM objects on one PC are accessible from software running on another PC. This capability, known as Distributed COM (DCOM), makes the 89600 object model fully programmable from any other PC having network connectivity to the analyzer's host PC.

File formats

For storage and recall of measured or captured waveforms, spectra, and other measurement results:

ASCII	Tab-delimited (.txt), comma-delimited (.csv)
Binary	Agilent standard data format (.sdf, .cap, .dat)
Binary	Agilent E3238 time snapshot (.cap) and time recording (.cap) files under 2 GB in size. Signal generator files (.bin) under 2 GB.
MATLAB 5	MAT-file (.mat)

Source

In source mode, the 89601A software can control a signal generator via GPIB or LAN. Control is provided via the VSA GUI. Frequency and level control of CW signals is provided. Arbitrary signals may be downloaded from the time capture memory to the signal generator for replay. The same time record may be played over and over contiguously. A window function can be applied to smooth start-up and finish of replay.

Compatible sources	ESG-D or ESG-DP (firmware version B.03.50 or later), with the Option E44xxA-UND internal dual arbitrary waveform generator (firmware version 1.2.92 or later). E4438C with internal baseband generator Option E4438C-001, -002, -601, or -602. E8267C vector signal generator with Option E8267C-002 or -602 internal baseband generator.
Signal types	CW (fixed frequency sinewave) Arbitrary
Frequency range	Determined by signal generator
Level range	-136 dBm to 20 dBm in 0.02 dBm steps

For all other specifications see the technical data sheet for the signal generator used.

Vector Modulation Analysis (Option 89601A-AYA)

Signal acquisition	Note: Signal acquisition does not require an external carrier or symbol clock.
Data block length	Adjustable to 4096 symbols
Samples per symbol	1 – 20
Symbol clock	Internally generated
Carrier lock	Internally locked
Triggering	Single/continuous, external, pulse search (searches data block for beginning of TDMA burst and performs analysis over selected burst length)
Data synchronization	User-selected synchronization words
Supported modulation formats	
Carrier types	Continuous and pulsed/burst (such as TDMA)
Modulation formats	2, 4, 8, and 16 level FSK (including GFSK) MSK (including GMSK) QAM implementations of: BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, D8PSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8PSK, $\frac{3\pi}{8}$ 8PSK (EDGE) 16QAM, 32QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM, 256QAM (absolute encoding) 16QAM, 32QAM, 64QAM (differential encoding per DVB standard) 8VSB, 16VSB
Single-button presets for	Cellular: CDMA (base), CDMA (mobile), CDPD, EDGE, GSM, NADC, PDC, PHP (PHS), W-CDMA Wireless networking: <i>Bluetooth</i> [™] , HIPERLAN/1 (HBR), HIPERLAN/1 (LBR), 802.11b, HIPERLAN/2, 802.11a Digital video: DTV8, DTV16, DVB16, DVB32, DVB64 Other: APCO 25, DECT, TETRA, VDL mode 3
Filtering	
Filter types	Raised cosine, square-root raised cosine, IS-95 compatible, Gaussian, EDGE, low pass, rectangular, none
Filter length	40 symbols: VSB, QAM, and DVB-QAM where $\alpha < 0.2$ 20 symbols: all others
User-selectable alpha/BT	Continuously adjustable from 0.05 to 10
User-defined filters	User-defined impulse response, fixed 20 points/symbol Maximum 20 symbols in length or 401 points

Maximum symbol rate

Symbol rate is limited only by the measurement span; that is, the entire signal must fit within the analyzer's currently selected frequency span.
Example: with raised-cosine filtering

$$\text{Max symbol rate}^* = \frac{\text{frequency span}}{1 + \alpha}$$

*Maximum symbol rate doubled for VSB modulation format.

Measurement results (formats other than FSK)

I-Q measured	Time, spectrum (filtered, carrier locked, symbol locked)
I-Q reference	Time, spectrum (ideal, computed from detected symbols)
I-Q error versus time	Magnitude, phase (I-Q measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time, spectrum (vector difference between measured and reference)
Symbol table and error summary	Error vector magnitude is computed at symbol times only
Instantaneous	Time, spectrum, search time

Measurement results (FSK)

FSK measured	Time, spectrum
FSK reference	Time, spectrum
Carrier error	Magnitude
FSK error	Time, spectrum

Display formats

The following trace formats are available for measured data and computed ideal reference data, with complete marker and scaling capabilities, and automatic grid line adjustment to ideal symbol or constellation states.

Polar diagrams

Constellation	Samples displayed only at symbol times
Vector	Display of trajectory between symbol times with 1 – 20 points/symbol

I or Q versus time

Eye diagrams	Adjustable from 0.1 to 40 symbols
Trellis diagrams	Adjustable from 0.1 to 40 symbols
Continuous error vector magnitude versus time	
Continuous I or Q versus time	

Error summary (formats other than FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

Error vector magnitude, magnitude error, phase error, frequency error (carrier offset frequency), I-Q offset, amplitude droop (PSK and MSK formats), SNR (8/16VSB and QAM formats), quadrature error, gain imbalance

For VSB formats, VSB pilot level is shown in dB relative to nominal. SNR is calculated from the real part of the error vector only.

For DVB formats, EVM is calculated without removing IQ offset.

Error summary (FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

FSK error, magnitude error, carrier offset frequency, deviation

Detected bits (symbol table)

Binary bits are displayed and grouped by symbols. Multiple pages can be scrolled for viewing large data blocks. Symbol marker (current symbol shown as inverse video) is coupled to measurement trace displays to identify states with corresponding bits. For formats other than DVBQAM and MSK, bits are user-definable for absolute states or differential transitions.

Note: Synchronization words are required to resolve carrier phase ambiguity in non-differential modulation formats.

Accuracy (typical)

Formats other than FSK, 8/16VSB and OQPSK. Averaging = 10

Conditions: Specifications apply for a full scale signal, fully contained in the selected measurement span, frequency < 3 GHz, random data sequence, range ≥ -24 dBm, start frequency $\geq 15\%$ of span, $\alpha/BT \geq 0.3^*$, and symbol rate ≥ 1 kHz. For symbol rates less than 1 kHz accuracy may be limited by phase noise.

* $0.3 \leq \alpha \leq 0.7$ offset QPSK

Residual errors (result = 150 symbols, averages = 10)

Residual EVM

span ≤ 100 kHz	< 0.5% rms
span ≤ 1 MHz	< 0.5% rms
span ≤ 8 MHz	< 1.0% rms

Magnitude error

span ≤ 100 kHz	0.5% rms
span ≤ 1 MHz	0.5% rms
span ≤ 8 MHz	1.0% rms

Phase error (for modulation formats with equal symbol amplitudes)

span ≤ 100 kHz	0.3° rms
span ≤ 1 MHz	0.4° rms
span ≤ 8 MHz	0.6° rms

Frequency error

symbol rate/500,000

I-Q/origin offset

-60 dB or better

Video modulation formats

Residual errors

8/16 VSB: Symbol rate = 10.762 MHz, $\alpha = 0.115$,
frequency < 3 GHz, 7 MHz span, full-scale signal,
range ≥ -24 dBm, result length = 800, averages = 10

Residual EVM

$\leq 1.5\%$ (SNR ≥ 36 dB)

16, 32, 64, or 256 QAM: Symbol rate = 6.9 MHz,
 $\alpha = 0.15$, frequency < 3 GHz, 8 MHz span, full-scale
signal, range ≥ -24 dBm, result length = 800,
averages = 10

Residual EVM

$\leq 1.0\%$ (SNR ≥ 40 dB)

Adaptive equalizer

Removes the effects of linear distortion (e.g. non-flat
frequency response, multipath, etc.) from modulation
quality measurements. Equalizer performance is a
function of the setup parameters (equalization filter
length, convergence, taps/symbol) and the quality
of the signal being equalized.

Equalizer type

Decision-directed, LMS, feed-forward
equalization with adjustable convergence rate

Filter length

3 – 99 symbols, adjustable

Filter taps

1, 2, 4, 5, 10, or 20 taps/symbol

Measurement results provided

Equalizer impulse response

Channel frequency response

Supported modulation formats

MSK, BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK,
8PSK, 16QAM, 32QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM, 256QAM,
8VSB, 16VSB, $\frac{3\pi}{8}$ 8PSK (EDGE), D8PSK

3G Modulation Analysis (Option 89601A-B7N)

Includes:

W-CDMA/HSDPA
cdma2000/1xEV-DV
1xEV-DO
TD-SCDMA

W-CDMA/HSDPA modulation analysis

Signal acquisition

Result length	Adjustable between 1 and 64 slots
Samples per symbol	1
Triggering	Single/continuous, external
Measurement region	Length and offset adjustable within result length

Signal playback

Result length	Adjustable between 1 and 64 slots
Capture length (gap-free analysis at 0% overlap; at 5 MHz span)	88 slots

Supported formats

Formats	Downlink, uplink
Single-button presets	Downlink, uplink

Other adjustable parameters

Chip rate	Continuously adjustable
User-selectable alpha	Continuously adjustable between 0.05 and 1, bypass
Scramble code (downlink)	Continuously adjustable between 0 and 511
Scramble code (uplink)	Continuously adjustable between 0 and $2^{24} - 1$
Scramble code offset (downlink)	Continuously adjustable between 0 and 15
Scramble code type (downlink)	Standard, left, right
Sync type (downlink)	CPICH, SCH, CPICH (STTD antenna-2), symbol-based (specify code channel and spread code length)
Test models supported (downlink)	Test models 1 – 5
Sync type (uplink)	DPCCH (slot format 0 – 5), PRACH message
Channel modulation scheme (downlink)	Auto-detect, QPSK, 16 QAM
Active channel threshold	Auto, manual (0 dBc to -120 dBc)
Enable HSDPA analysis	Off, On
Gated active channel detection	Off, On
Test model	
None (auto active channel detection)	
Test model 1	16 DPCH, 32 DPCH, 64 DPCH (with or without S-CCPCH)
Test model 2	With or without S-CCPCH
Test model 3	16 DPCH, 32 DPCH (with or without S-CCPCH)
Test model 4	With or without P-CPICH
Test model 5 ¹	2 HS-PDSCH with 6 DPCH, 4 HS-PDSCH with 14 DPCH, 8 HS-PDSCH with 30 DPCH
Gated modulation detection ¹	Off, On
Modulation scheme ¹	Auto, QPSK, 8 PSK, 16 QAM

¹. Parameter used only when HSDPA analysis is enabled.

Measurement results**Composite** (all code channels at once or all symbol rates taken together)

Code domain power	All symbol rates together Individual symbol rates (7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, 960 ksps)
Code domain error	Composite (all symbol rates taken together) Individual symbol rates (7.5, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, 960 ksps)
IQ measured	Time, spectrum
IQ reference	Time, spectrum
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time, spectrum (vector difference between measured and reference)
Composite errors	Summary of EVM, magnitude error, phase error, rho, peak active CDE, peak CDE, Ttrigger, frequency error, IQ (origin) offset, slot number
Code domain offset table	Timing and phase offsets for each active code

Channel (individual code channel)

IQ measured	Time
IQ reference	Time (reference computed from detected symbols)
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time (vector difference between measured and reference)
Symbol table and error summary	Summary of EVM, magnitude error, phase error, slot number, pilot bits, tDPCH, modulation format

Other

Pre-demodulation	Time, spectrum
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Display formats

CDP measurement results	I and Q shown separately on same trace for uplink
Channel measurement results	I and Q show separately
Code order	Hadamard, bit reverse
Other	Same as Option 89601A-AYA

Accuracy (typical)

(Input range ≥ -24 dBm and within 5 dB of total signal power, frequency < 3 GHz)

Code domain

CDP accuracy	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Symbol power versus time	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power averaged over a slot)

Composite EVM

EVM floor	1.5% or less for pilot only
EVM floor	1.5% or less for test model 1 with 16 DPCH signal
EVM floor	1.5% or less for test model 5, 8 HS-PDSCH with 30 DPCH, HSDPA enabled

Frequency error

Range (CPICH sync type)	± 500 Hz
Accuracy	± 10 Hz

cdma2000/1xEV-DV modulation analysis

Signal acquisition

Result length (adjustable)	Forward link	1 – 64 PCG
	Reverse link	1 – 48 PCG
Samples per symbol	1	
Triggering	Single/continuous, external	
Measurement region	Length and offset adjustable within result length	

Signal playback

Result length	Forward link	1 – 64 PCG
	Reverse link	1 – 48 PCG
Capture length (gap-free analysis at 0% overlap; at 1.5 MHz span)		94 PCG

Supported formats

Formats	Forward, reverse
Single-button presets for	Forward, reverse

Other adjustable parameters

Chip rate	Continuously adjustable
Long code mask (reverse)	0
Base code length	64, 128
Channel modulation scheme (forward)	Auto, QPSK, 8 PSK, 16 QAM
Active channel threshold	Auto, manual (0 dBc to -120 dBc)
Enable 1xEV-DV analysis	Off, On
Gated active channel detection	Off, On
Multi-carrier filter	Off, On
PN offset	0x64 to 511x64 chips
Walsh code QOF	0, 1, 2, 3
Defined active channels ¹	Off, On
Walsh code column index ¹	0, 1, 2, 3
Walsh mask ¹	0 to 111111111111 (binary)
F-PDCH0/1 number of codes ¹	F-PDCH0 + F-PDCH1 ≤ 28
F-PDCH0/1 modulation scheme ¹	QPSK, 8 PSK, 16 QAM
Gated modulation detection ¹	Off, On
Modulation scheme ¹	Auto, QPSK, 8 PSK, 16 QAM

Measurement results**Composite** (all code channels at once or all symbol rates taken together)

Code domain power	All symbol rates together Individual symbol rates (9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 76.8, 153.6, 307.2 ksps)
Code domain error	Composite (all symbol rates taken together) Individual symbol rates (9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 76.8, 153.6, 307.2 ksps)
IQ measured	Time, spectrum
IQ reference	Time, spectrum (reference computed from detected symbols)
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time, spectrum (vector difference between measured and reference)
Composite errors	Summary of EVM, magnitude error, phase error, rho, peak active CDE, peak CDE, Ttrigger, frequency error, IQ (origin) offset, PCG number
Code domain offset table	Timing and phase offset for each active code

1. Parameter used only when 1xEV-DV analysis is enabled.

Channel (individual code channel)	
IQ measured	Time
IQ reference	Time (reference computed from detected symbols)
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time (vector difference between measured and reference)
Symbol table and error summary	Summary of EVM, magnitude error, phase error, PCG number, modulation format
Other	
Pre-demodulation	Time, spectrum
Display formats	
CDP measurement results	I and Q shown separately on same trace for uplink
Channel measurement results	I and Q show separately
Code order	Hadamard, bit reverse
Other	Same as Option 89601A-AYA
Accuracy (typical) (input range ≥ -24 dBm and within 5 dB of total signal power, frequency < 3 GHz)	
Code domain	
CDP accuracy	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Symbol power versus time	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power averaged over a PCG)
Composite EVM	
EVM floor	1.5% or less for pilot only
EVM floor	1.5% or less 9 active channels
EVM floor	1.5% or less 16 QAM, F-PDCH with 15 codes, 1xEV-DV enabled
Frequency error	
Range (CPICH sync type)	± 500 Hz
Accuracy	± 10 Hz
1xEV-DO modulation analysis	
Signal acquisition	
Result length	
Forward link	1 – 64 slots
Reverse link	1 – 64 slots
Samples per symbol	1
Triggering	Single/continuous, external
Measurement region (applies to CDP results)	Interval and offset adjustable within result length
Signal playback	
Result length	
Forward link	1 – 64 slots
Reverse link	1 – 64 slots
Capture length (gap-free analysis at 0% overlap at 1.5 MHz span)	65 slots
Supported formats	
Formats	Forward (BTS), reverse (AT)
Single-button presets	Forward, reverse

Other adjustable parameters

Chip rate	Continuously adjustable
Analysis channel (forward)	Preamble, pilot, MAC, data
PN offset	Continuously adjustable from 0x64 to 511x64 chips
Preamble length (forward)	Adjustable from 0 – 1024 chips or auto detection
Data modulation type (forward)	QPSK, 8PSK, 16QAM
Long code masks (reverse)	Continuously adjustable from 0x0000000000 to 0x3FFFFFFF

Measurement results**Overall**

Error summary (forward)	Overall 1 and overall 2 results for: rho, EVM, magnitude error, phase error, frequency error, slot number and IQ offset
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Composite (all code channels at once or all symbol rates taken together)

Code domain power	All symbols taken together Individual symbol rates (9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 76.8, 153.6, 307.2 ksps)
Code domain error (reverse)	All symbols taken together Individual symbol rates (9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 76.8, 153.6, 307.2 ksps)
IQ measured	Time, spectrum
IQ reference	Time, spectrum
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time, spectrum (vector difference between measured and reference)
Error summary (forward)	EVM, magnitude error, phase error, rho, frequency error, IQ offset, slot number, preamble length
Error summary (reverse)	EVM, magnitude error, phase error, rho, frequency error, IQ offset, slot number, peak CDE, pilot, RRI, ACK, DRC, data power

Channel (individual code channel, reverse only)

IQ measured	Time
IQ reference	Time
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time (vector difference between measured and reference)
Symbol table and error summary	EVM, magnitude error, phase error, slot number

Other

Pre-demodulation	Time, spectrum
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Display formats

CDP measurement results	I and Q shown separately on same trace
Channel measurement results (reverse)	I and Q shown separately
Code order	Hadamard, bit reverse

Accuracy¹ (typical) (input range ≥ -24 dBm and within 5 dB of total signal power)**Code domain**

CDP accuracy	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Symbol power versus time	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)

Composite EVM

EVM floor	1.5% max
-----------	----------

Frequency error

Lock range	± 500 Hz
Accuracy	± 10 Hz

1. Values apply between 10 MHz and 3 GHz.

TD-SCDMA modulation analysis

Signal acquisition

Result length	1 – 8 subframes
Start boundary	Sub-frame, 2 frames
Time reference	Trigger point, downlink pilot, uplink pilot
Samples per symbol (code channel results)	1
Samples per chip (composite results)	1
Triggering	Single/continuous, external
Measurement region	Analysis timeslot selectable within first sub-frame

Signal playback

Result length	1 – 8 subframes
Capture length (gap-free analysis at 0% overlap at 1.6 MHz span)	10 subframes

Supported formats

Formats	Downlink, uplink
Single-button presets	TSM (v3.0.0)

Other adjustable parameters

Chip rate	Continuously adjustable
Filter alpha	Continuously adjustable between 0.05 and 1.0
Downlink pilot sequence	0 – 31
Uplink pilot sequence	0 – 255 or limited to code group
Scramble sequence	0 – 127 or limited to code group
Basic midamble sequence	0 – 127 or limited to code group
Max users (selectable for each timeslot)	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16
Midamble shift	1 – max users

Measurement results**Composite** (all code channels at once or all symbol rates taken together)

Code domain power	All symbol rates and code channels taken together; Individual symbol rates (80, 160, 320, 640, 1280 ksps)
Code domain error	All symbol rates and code channels together; Individual symbol rates (80, 160, 320, 640, 1280 ksps)
IQ measured	Time, spectrum
IQ reference	Time, spectrum
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time, spectrum (vector difference between measured and reference)
Error summary	EVM, magnitude error, phase error, rho, peak active CDE, peak CDE, frequency error, IQ offset, IQ skew, slot amplitude droop

Channel (individual code channel)

IQ measured	Time
IQ reference	Time
IQ error versus time	Magnitude and phase (IQ measured versus reference)
Error vector	Time (vector difference between measured and reference)
Symbol table and error summary	EVM, magnitude error, phase error, data bits

Layer (all code channels at once)

Code domain power	All symbol rates taken together; Individual symbol rates (80, 160, 320, 640, 1280 ksps)
Code domain error	All symbol rates taken together; Individual symbol rates (80, 160, 320, 640, 1280 ksps)

Overall	
Time	Aligned analysis region; active timeslots highlighted
Filtered time	IQ time; RRC filtered; resampled to 4x chip rate
Gate time	Gated IQ time
Gate spectrum	Averaged and instantaneous
Gate PDF, CDF	PDF, CDF of gate time magnitude
Error summary	Timing error, total power, midamble power, and data power for each timeslot
Other	
Analysis timeslot	CCDF
Pre-demodulation	Time, spectrum, correction
Display formats	
Overall time measurement results	Active timeslots highlighted with background color
CDP and CDE measurement results	Active code channels highlighted by CDP layer color
Accuracy¹ (typical) (input range ≥ -24 dBm and within 5 dB of total signal power)	
Code domain	
CDP accuracy	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Symbol power versus time	± 0.3 dB (spread channel power within 20 dB of total power)
Composite EVM	
EVM floor	1.5% max
Frequency error	
Lock range	± 500 Hz
Accuracy	± 10 Hz

1. Values apply between 10 MHz and 3 GHz.

Dynamic Links to EEsof ADS (Option 889601A-105)

This option links the 89601A VSA with design simulations running on the Agilent EEsof Advanced Design System (ADS), providing real-time, interactive analysis of results. It adds vector signal analyzer sink and source components to the Agilent Ptolemy simulation environment. When a simulation is run, the 89601A software is automatically launched. The VSA sink component analyzes waveform data from a simulation. Its user interface and measurement functions are the same in this mode as for hardware-based measurements. The VSA source component outputs measurement data to a simulation. Its input data can be from a recording or hardware. Front-end hardware need not be present when using either component, unless live measurements are to be sourced into a simulation.

Source component

ADS version required	ADS 2001 or later
ADS output data types supported	Data: Timed Frequency Demod errors Complex scalar Float scalar Integer scalar Control: Data gap indicator
VSA input modes	Hardware Recording
VSA analysis range	Dependent on input mode and hardware installed
VSA component parameters (user settable)	VSATitle ControlSimulation OutputType Pause VSATrace TStep SetUpFile RecordingFile SetUpUse AutoCapture DefaultHardware AllPoints
VSA component parameters (passed to ADS, timed output only)	Carrier frequency TStep

Sink component

ADS version required	ADS 1.3 or later
ADS input data types supported	Float Complex Timed – baseband Timed – ComplexEnv
VSA input modes	Single channel Dual channel I + jQ
VSA analysis range	Carrier frequency TStep (sample time)
	dc to > 1 THz < 10 ⁻¹² to > 10 ³ seconds

VSA component parameters (user-settable)	VSATitle TStep SamplesPerSymbol RestoreHW SetupFile Start Stop TcITkMode RecordMode SetFreqProp
VSA component parameters (passed from ADS)	Carrier frequency TStep Data type
Number of VSAs that can run concurrently	
ADS version 1.5 and later	20
ADS version 1.3	1
Required ADS components	
EESof Design Environment	E8900A/AN
EESof Data Display	E8901A/AN
EESof Ptolemy Simulator	E8823A/AN
<i>Recommended ADS configurations:</i>	
EESof Communication System Designer Pro	E8851A/AN
EESof Communication System Designer Premiere	E8852A/AN

Appendix A: Configuration requirements

The PSA/89601A combination requires a PSA Series spectrum analyzer and the 89601A vector signal analysis software (each with required options), a PC to run the software, and interface cables. The following are the detailed configuration requirements for each item.

PSA Series spectrum analyzer

The PSA Series spectrum analyzers (models E4440A, E4443A, E4445A, E4446, E4448) require Option E44xx-B7J, the digital demodulation hardware, to interface with the 89601A. Additionally, firmware version A.04 or later is required.

89601A vector signal analysis software

The 89601A software requires vector signal analysis, with Option 89601A-100 and must be version 3.00 or later, to control PSA modules E4440A, E4443A, and E4445A, version 4.00 or later to control PSA models E4446A and E4448A. Option 89601A-B7N is required to analyze W-CDMA, TD-SCDMA, 1xEV-DO, and cdma2000 signals. Option 89601A-B7R WLAN modulation analysis is not recommended due to bandwidth constraints.

PC for 89601A software

A laptop or desktop PC may be used as long as it meets or exceeds the following minimum requirements¹:

- > 300 MHz Pentium® or AMD-K6,
- 192 MB RAM (256 MB recommended)
- 4 MB video RAM (8 MB recommended)
- hard disk with 100 MB of available space
- Microsoft Windows 2000®, XP Professional® (laptop or desktop), or Windows NT 4.0 (service pack 6a, or greater required, desktop only)
- CD-ROM drive (can be provided via network access), 3.5-inch floppy disk drive (can be provided via network access)
- LAN interface

PC to PSA interface

The PSA supports LAN I/O. Using a LAN cross-over cable is recommended (available from Agilent, part number 8121-0545) for the PC. Figure 1 shows how to make the physical connections.

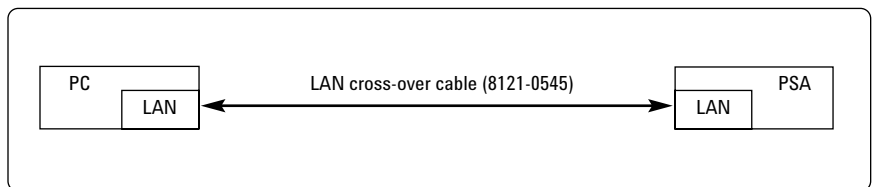


Figure 1. Point-to-point LAN connection. The PC and the PSA may also be connected to a multipoint LAN network.

¹ For best immunity from electrostatic discharge (ESD), use a desktop PC.

Related Literature

89600 Series Wide-Bandwidth Vector Signal Analyzer, brochure
literature number 5980-0723E

89610A, dc-40 MHz, Vector Signal Analyzer, data sheet
literature number 5980-1259E

89640A, dc-2700 MHz, Vector Signal Analyzer, data sheet
literature number 5980-1258E

PSA Series – The Next Generation, brochure
literature number 5980-1283E

PSA Series, data sheet
literature number 5980-1284E



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